

THE NAZIS' EPILOGUE: TRIALS AND SENTENCES

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SOURCES: WADJASHEM.ORG;

"IL PROCESSO DI NORIMBERGA" BY CATARUZZA MARINA AND DEAK ISTVAN.

KRASNODAR 07/14-17/1943

1st trial to a group of nazis by a Sovietic military tribunal

NUREMBERG 10/18/1945 – 10/1/1946

Major War Criminals (political leaders) are processed and 12 of them are condemned to death

EICHMANN TRIAL 04/11/1961 – 05/31/1962

Eichmann is captured by MOSSAD and processes in Israel.

JALTA CONFERENCE (Feb 1945) Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin decides to prosecute Axis Leaders at the end of ww2

01/09/1959 German Federal Court considers the Nuremberg's verdicts illegal

FRANKFURT TRIAL 1963 – 1965 Trial against Auschwitz functionars

THE ENGINEERS OF TERROR (participants of Wansee conference 1942): TRIALS AND SENTENCES



REINHARD HEYDRICH: CHIEF OF RSHA. DIED ON 4 JUNE 1942 KILLED BY CZECH PARTIZANS



JOSEPH BUHLER: NAZI LEGAL OFFICER. EXECUTED BY A POLISH TRIBUNAL ON 22 AUG 1948



ROLAND FREISER: NAZI JUDGE. DIED ON 3 FEB 1945 DURING AN AIR RAID



OTTO HOFFMANN: NAZI OFFICER. SENTENCED TO 25 YEARS IN PRISON. DIED IN 1982



GERHARD KOPFLER: NAZI OFFICER. ARRESTED AND RELEASED FOR LACK OF EVIDENCE.



F.W. KRITZINGER: STATE SECRETARY. RELEASED FROM TRIALS. DIED IN 1947



R. LANGE: SS POLICE OFFICER. POSSIBLE SUICIDE IN FEBRUARY 1945



GEORG LEIBBRANDT: SCHOLAR AND POLITICIAN IN THE NAZI PARTY. RELEASED FROM NUREMBERG TRIALS. DIED IN 1982



ALFRED MEYER: NAZI OFFICER. COMMITTED SUICIDE IN APRIL 1945



H. MULLER: HEAD OF THE GESTAPO. POSSIBLE SUICIDE IN EARLY MAY 1945



EIRICH NEUMANN: NAZI POLITICIAN. RELEASED BY THE ALLIES DUE TO POOR HEALTH. DIED IN 1951



W. STUCKART: NAZI LAWYER AND WAR CRIMINAL. RELEASED FOR LACK OF EVIDENCE. DIED IN 1953 IN A CAR ACCIDENT



ADOLF EICHMANN: PRINCIPAL RESPONSABLE OF THE MOBILITATION OF DEPORTEES. ESCAPED IN ARGENTINA IN 1950. CAPTURED BY THE MOSSAD IN 1960 AND PROCESSED IN 1961 IN ISRAEL. CONDEMNED TO DEATH AND EXECUTED ON 31 MAY 1962

NUREMBERG TRIALS 10/18/1945 - 10/01/1946

- promoted by an International court against 21 important Nazi politicians ;
- for the first time in history accusations for crimes against International peace, war crimes, conspiracy against humanity, violation of Geneva's conventions;
- based on written documents;
- revealed a lot of aspects of the Holocaust that were unknown before;
- the main accused was Göring who committed suicide before being executed;
- 12 death sentences, 3 life sentences, 4 sentences in prison, 3 absolutions

EICHMANN TRIAL 04/11/1961 - 31/05/1962

- promoted by a Jewish court in Israel against the main responsible of the Holocaust;
- based on Eichmann's references and persecuted Jews witnesses;
- had a great social impact on Jewish view of the Holocaust: for the 1st time Jews talked about their past without any kind of shame;
- was broadcast on TV and radio;
- represents the only death sentence in Israeli history



During cross-examination, prosecutor Hausner asked Eichmann if he considered himself guilty of the murder of millions of Jews. Eichmann replied: "Legally not, but in the human sense ... yes, for I am guilty of having deported them".



Göring to the judge: "If I didn't have a sense of humor, how could I stand this trial now?"